



District Heating in Europe and Germany

Werner R. Lutsch





WHO WE ARE

- International association for district heating and cooling
- Headquarters in Brussels, Belgium
- 100 members from more than
 30 countries
- National DHC associations, utilities, manufacturers, universities, research institutes and consultancies







OUR VISION

- No energy transition without sustainable cities.
- No sustainable cities without sustainable heating and cooling.
- No sustainable heating and cooling without district energy.



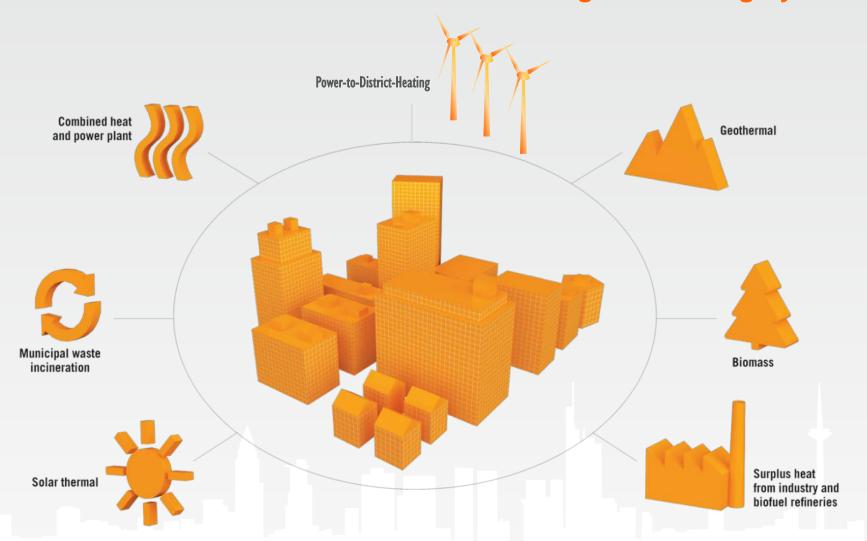


- AGFW is the independent and impartial association in Germany promoting energy efficiency, (district) heating, cooling and CHP – Combined Heat and Power – at national and international levels
- AGFW reunites more than 525 (regional und municipal) energy suppliers, consultants, personalities and industrial operators of this industry (component and system manufacturers, manufacturing and assembling companies, testing institutes, ...) in Germany and Europe
- AGFW represents closed to 100 % of the heat load connected to German district heating systems – the largest scale in Western Europe.
- AGFW means more than four decades of experience in this field.
 Established 1971 we have a long and distinguished track record of delivering energy efficiency solutions to our members and to the society



WHAT ARE WE TALKING ABOUT

DHC ... the most Efficient and Flexible Heating and Cooling System







ADVOCACY & REPRESENTAION

- We bring the unified voice of our industry in EU and international debates on district energy.
- We advise our members on all relevant EU policy developments (energy, environment and climate action, competition, research and innovation).
- We provide the network for information and expertise exchange among industry players, decision-makers, academics, researchers and young professionals.





CLEAN ENERGY FOR ALL EUROPEANS

The EU Winter Energy package proposals:

challenges and opportunities to the district heating sector





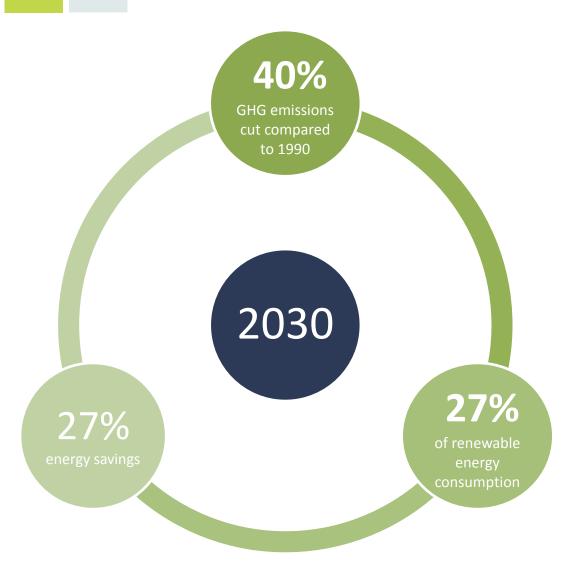


"If we want a costeffective transition to a low-carbon economy, we have to create an internal energy market where European rules apply"

Maroš Šefčovič, the European Commission's Vice President for the Energy Union











EU Emission Trading Scheme

Effort Sharing Regulation

Renewable Energy Directive

Energy Efficiency Directive

Energy Performance of Buildings Directive

Industrial Emissions Directive

LULUCF Directive



WHAT ABOUT HEATING?

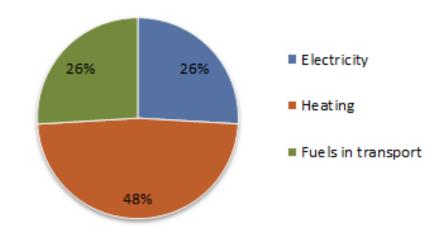




IN THE SHADOW OF POWER AND TRANSPORT

Even though heating accounts to half of European final energy consumption, the sector has long been overlooked by EU policy makers, who focused on electricity, gas, oil and transport sectors.

Final energy consumption broken down by sector (EU)







2015-2016 BREAKTHROUGH YEARS

- In 2015-2016, we witnessed a steadily increasing interest in DHC and the heating sector itself, pushed by new discussions on energy security and the recognition of great decarbonisation potential
- DHC is being recognized by local authorities & cities taking the lead in climate change efforts







2015-2016 BREAKTHROUGH YEARS

- In 2016, the first EU Heating and Cooling strategy proposed by the Commission, recognising the important role of DHC.
- 2016/2017 first proposals of EU legislation that will shape the sector

COMMUNICATION FROM THE COMMISSION TO THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT, THE COUNCIL, THE EUROPEAN ECONOMIC AND SOCIAL COMMITTEE AND THE COMMITTEE OF THE REGIONS

An EU Strategy on Heating and Cooling

{SWD(2016) 24 final}



WHAT IS THE EU PROPOSING?





CLEAN ENERGY FOR ALL EUROPEANS



- Published on November 30th last year
- More than 4500 pages
- Sets the scene for the EU policy on energy for the period 2020 - 2030
- Several legislative proposals important for the district heating sector, such as:
 - Revision of the Energy Efficiency
 Directive
 - Revision of the Energy Performance of Buildings Directive
 - Recast of the Renewable Energy Directive





RENEWABLE ENERGY DIRECTIVE

Key elements:

27% EU renewable energy target by 2030

New provisions to encourage renewable H&C

EU sustainability criteria for all bioenergy





RENEWABLE ENERGY DIRECTIVE

Moving to a new more European approach to renewables

2020

20% RES share overall

National binding targets for RES

Specific target for RES-Transport

2030

At least 27% RES share

Binding at EU level

No national or sector specific targets



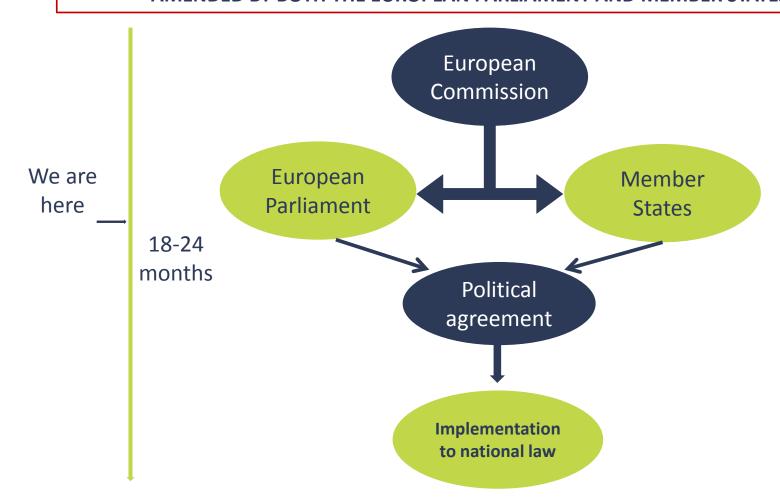
WHAT WILL HAPPEN NEXT?





THE PROCESS

CURRENT PROPOSAL IS NOT THE FINAL LEGISLATION, AND IT WILL BE SUBSTANTIALLY AMENDED BY BOTH THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT AND MEMBER STATES





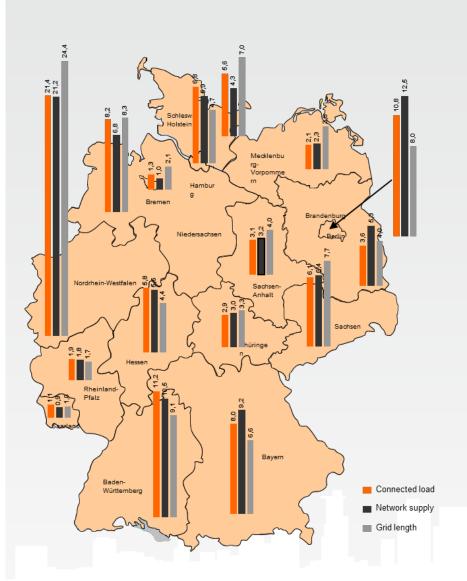


CONCLUSION: EU'S STICKS & CARROTS

- EU's recognition of the heating sector and strong support to
 DHC is a unique opportunity that needs to be welcomed
- Support is not unconditional the European Commission is asking for assurances (price, fuel mix, efficiency) about which version of DHC people will end up getting
- We must be open-minded, accept the offers in principle and start working with the EU institutions and national governments to get the details right in practice.
- Next 2 years will be very busy and exciting for the DHC sector!



FACTS AND FIGURES – DISTRICT ENERGY IN GERMANY



- The district heating connected load in Germany is approximately
 57.000 MW_{th}
- 13% CHP share in the public electricity production (17% total)
- The district heating customers are: 46% private homes, 36% public buildings, commercial and trade sector and 18% industry
- Over 84% of District Heating is generated in high efficient cogeneration (CHP) plants

AGFW

STRATEGY FOR THE SECTOR

FACTS ABOUT DHC AND CHP

- 75 % of the global pollutants are emitted in cities (predominantly major cities and metropolitan areas)*
- Cities which have been developing DH from CHP in favor of individual heating (oil, natural gas, coal, biomass) were able to significantly lower their air pollutants (CO₂, CO, SO₂, NO_x, particulate matter)*
- The DHC sector in Germany has always been advocating an efficient, environmentally friendly and secure heating supply at fair market conditions
- » Around 56 % of the space heat in German residential and administrative buildings is suitable for district heating supply**
- Investments in these future-proof technologies have to be realized today in order to be effective in the following 60 years and provide security of supply for our people

^{*} source: IEA – International Energy Agency ** source: BEI - Bremer Energie-Institut im Auftrag des Bundeswirtschaftsministeriums



"Energiewende" – continuing the German success story

Let's make things different

CHP and DHC combine efficiency, flexibility and renewability for the heating and electricity market to form a smart, multi-functional instrument.

This technology is able to...

- ... give more flexibility to the renewable electricity market
- ... provide integration services via power-to-district-heat
- ... support CO₂ reduction targets
- ... secure renewable energy sources for the heat market
- ... create cost effective solutions for the heat market
- ... create local jobs and added value to our communities
- ... shape the energy conception (Energiewende) citizen-friendly

CHP and DHC are the key to the German energy transition (Energiewende)





THANK YOU